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Univerza v Ljubljani
Fakulteta *za družbene vede*

Uporaba spletnih panelov v anketni metodologiji, 2016: Sistematični pregled

Respi, Chiara; Lozar Manfreda, Katja

ADP - IDNo: ONPANR16

Izdajatelj: **Arhiv družboslovnih podatkov**, 2019

URL: <https://www.adp.fdv.uni-lj.si/opisi/onpanr16>

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Opis raziskave

Osnovne informacije o raziskavi

ADP - IDNo:

ONPANR16

DOI:

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Glavni avtor(ji):

Respi, Chiara, Oddelek za sociologijo in družboslovno raziskovanje, Univerza Milano-Bicocca

Lozar Manfreda, Katja, Fakulteta za družbene vede, Univerza v Ljubljani

Izdelava:

None - Respi, Chiara - Oddelek za sociologijo in družboslovno raziskovanje, Univerza Milano-Bicocca

None - Lozar Manfreda, Katja - Fakulteta za družbene vede, Univerza v Ljubljani

Datum izdelave:

2016

Kraj izdelave:

Milano, Italija, Ljubljana, Slovenija

Uporaba računalniškega programa za izdelavo podatkov:

Microsoft Excel

SPSS

Finančna podpora:

Financiranje iz lastnih sredstev.

Številka projekta:

ni podatka

Izdajatelj:

ADP - Arhiv družboslovnih podatkov - Univerza v Ljubljani

Od: 2019-09

Izročil:

Osebno - Respi, Chiara

Datum: 2018-05-07

Oblika citiranja:

Respi, C. in Lozar Manfreda, K. (2019). Uporaba spletnih panelov v anketni metodologiji, 2016: Sistematični pregled [Podatkovna datoteka]. Ljubljana: Univerza v Ljubljani, Arhiv družboslovnih podatkov. ADP - IDNo: ONPANR16.

https://doi.org/10.17898/ADP_ONPANR16_V1

Vsebina raziskave

Ključne besede ADP:

reference, ki se nanašajo na spletne panele, izbira študij o spletnih panelih, spletni paneli v anketni metodologiji, sistematični pregled raziskav spletnih panelov

Ključne besede ELSST:

METODOLOGIJA

Vsebinska področja CESSDA:

DRUGO

Vsebinsko področja CERIF:

Raziskovalna metodologija v znanosti

Vsebinska področja ADP:

REFERENCE

PANEL

KAKOVOST PANELNIH PODATKOV

RAZISKAVA

RAZISKOVALNA VPRAŠANJA PANELA

Povzetek:

Študija je sistematični pregled, katerega cilj je oceniti (i) značilnosti spletnih panelov, ki se uporabljajo v anketni metodologiji, (ii) kakovost teh spletnih panelov, (iii) značilnosti posameznih študij panela in (iv) uporabo spletnih panelov kot vzorčnega vira za raziskave o kakovosti anketnih podatkov. Za izbor empiričnih študij s področja anketne metodologije, ki se nanašajo na spletne panele, je bila uporabljena bibliografska baza podatkov WebSM. Za obravnavo raziskovalnih vprašanj so bile za opis značilnosti spletnih panelov, kakor tudi namena uporabe spletnih panelov, definirane specifične kodirane kategorije. V povezavi z namenom študije so bili kodirani različni vidiki kvalitete panelnih podatkov za študije o kvaliteti samih panelov, kakor tudi metodološka vprašanja za študije, ki uporabljajo panele kot vzorčni vir za raziskave anketne metodologije.

Abstract:

ni podatka

Metodologija**Časovno pokritje:**

2011 - junij 2016

Čas zbiranja podatkov:

6. oktober 2016, 8. november 2016

Čas izdelave:

2016

Država:

ni podatka

Geografsko pokritje:

ni podatka

Najmanjša geografska enota:

Prostorske enote niso določene

Enota za analizo:

Drugo

Referenca

Spletni panel

Posamezna študija spletnega panela

Populacija:

Vsi članki in poglavja iz knjig zabeleženih v WebSM bibliografski podatkovni bazi, ki so bili objavljeni med januarjem 2012 in junijem 2016, so napisani v angleškem jeziku in v naslovu vsebujejo vsaj eno ključno besedo: panel, verjetnost, ne-verjetnost, neverjetnost, utež, rezultat in reprezentativnost.

Vrsta podatkov:

Številski

Izključeni:

ni podatka

Zbiranje podatkov je opravil:

UNIMIB - Respi, Chiara, Univerza Milano-Bicocca

Časovna opredelitev podatkov:

Presečno

Pogostost zbiranja podatkov:

Enkratno zbiranje podatkov

Tip vzorca:

Zajeta celotna populacija

Iz bibliografske podatkovne baze WebSM so bile izbrane reference, ki so bile razvrščene v tri na novo oblikovane podatkovne baze. Le-te so vsebovale kodirane značilnosti spletnih panelov, ki so jih navajale pridobljene reference. V bibliografski bazi podatkov WebSM so bili v iskalno polje najprej vpisani splošni kriteriji vključitve, in sicer: članek / poglavje v knjigi, objavljeno od januarja 2012 do junija 2016 ter celotno besedilo v angleščini. Tako je bila pridobljena zbirka 847 najnovejših objavljenih referenc s področja spletne anketne metodologije. Dodatno je bilo v zbirko vključenih še 9 referenc t. j. 6 poglavij iz knjige avtorja Das et al., 2011, ki sicer ne ustreza kriteriju datuma objave, vendar se poglavja izrecno nanašajo na spletne panele ter 3 objavljeni članki, ki so jih navajale pridobljene reference oz. s pomočjo interneta. Tako je bilo končno število identificiranih referenc 856. Po odstranitvi 4 podvojenih zapisov (iz pridobljenega WebSM izbora) je bil uporabljen poseben kriterij vključitve, tj. vsebovanje vsaj ene od sedmih ključnih besed: panel, verjetnost, ne-verjetnost, neverjetnost, utež, rezultat in reprezentativnost v naslovu reference. Kriterij je botroval izločitvi 762 referenc. V zadnjem koraku je bilo na preostalih 90 referencah opravljeno preverjanje upravičenosti preko ocenjevanja povzetka in celotnega besedila. Najprej je bil pregledan povzetek, da bi ugotovili ali je raziskava ustrezala določeni temi, če ni, je bila referenca izključena. Potem je bilo pregledano celotno besedilo in sprejeta je bila odločitev, ali naj se le-ta vključi oz. izključi. Glavni razlog za neupravičenost so bile spletne ankete, ki so potekale brez panelnih članov, uporaba ne spletnih panelov in teoretični prispevki, ki so preučevali spletne panele brez predstavitve empiričnih dokazov o njihovi uporabi in kakovosti. Izključenih je bilo 16 referenc, pri čemer je bilo v sistematični pregled vključenih 74 referenc.

Način zbiranja podatkov:

Kodiranje vsebine

Uporabljeni inštrument:

Smernice za zbiranje podatkov

Opis zbiranja podatkov:

Ni bilo izvedenega pravega zbiranja podatkov. Postopek ekstrakcije iz baze podatkov WebSM je bil opravljen enkrat, t. j. na dan 6. oktobra 2016, medtem, ko so bile ostale reference dodane 8. novembra 2016. V vzorcu je bilo 856 enot, od katerih jih 762 ni bil primernih, zaradi podvajanja ali neizpolnjevanja kriterija vsebovanja ključnih besed ter 16 zaradi neupravičenosti. V sistematični pregled je bilo tako vključenih 74 referenc, ki so omenjale 69 edinstvenih

spletnih panelov in 83 empiričnih študij, ki so uporabljale te spletne panele.

Uteževanje:

Brez uteževanja.

Očiščenje podatkov:

Podatki so očiščeni.

Stopnja sodelovanja:

74 ali 8,6 % vseh zbranih referenc (856) je bilo vključenih v sistematični pregled.

Uvrstitev raziskave po pomembnosti:

6 - raziskave z omejenim problemskim ali teoretskim okvirom in ožjo uporabnostjo za več praktičnih problemov, metodološko in vsebinsko izpopolnjene

Dostop do podatkov

Mesto:

Arhiv družboslovnih podatkov

Velikost zbirke:

3 Podatkovna datoteka.

Skupaj datotek:

3

Omejitve pri uporabi

Podatkovna datoteka je uporabnikom dostopna brez registracije pod mednarodno licenco Creative Commons 0. Uporabnik se zaveže, da bo skrbel za tajnost podatkov in opravljal analize brez poskusov identifikacije posameznikov ter spoštoval profesionalne etične kodekse. Avtorske pravice pridržane. Arhiv izroča podatke uporabnikom samo za namen, ki ga posebej opredelijo, ob zagotovitvi spoštovanja profesionalnih etičnih kodeksov. Uporabnik se posebej zaveže, da bo skrbel za tajnost podatkov in opravljal analize brez poskusov identifikacije posameznika.

Kontakt: Arhiv družboslovnih podatkov

Pri objavah, ki bi sledile na podlagi podatkov, je potrebno polno citirati avtorja in Arhiv.

Vsak uporabnik je dolžan opozoriti na morebitne pomanjkljivosti gradiva in poslati Arhivu 2 kopiji nastalih besedil.

Uporabnik naj pred uporabo pozorno prebere spremljajočo dokumentacijo in se v primeru nejasnosti obrne na avtorje raziskave ali Arhiv.

Spremna gradiva

Gradiva o izvedbi raziskave

1. Respi, Chiara in Lozar Manfreda, Katja (2017). [ONPANR16 - Usage of online panels in survey methodology field, 2016: A systematic review. Codebook \[Ostalo gradivo\]](#).
2. Respi, Chiara in Lozar Manfreda, Katja (2017). [ONPANR16 - Usage of online panels in survey methodology field, 2016: A systematic review. Definitions of variables \[Ostalo gradivo\]](#).

Rezultati raziskave

1. Respi, Chiara in Lozar Manfreda, Katja (2017). [ONPANR16 - Usage of online panels in survey methodology field: A systematic review. Presentation at ESRA Conference](#).
2. Respi, Chiara in Lozar Manfreda, Katja (2019). [ONPANR16 - Usage of online panels in survey methodology field, 2016: A systematic review. Complete answers](#).

Povezane objave

Nimamo podatkov o objavah povezanih s tem gradivom!

Opis podatkov

Osnovne informacije o datoteki podatkov

ID datoteke: F1

Naslov podatkovne datoteke: Usage of online panels in survey methodology field, 2016: A systematic review - reference [Podatkovna datoteka]

Avtor podatkovne datoteke: Respi, Chiara; Lozar Manfreda, Katja

Format: *.txt - TEKST

število sprememb: 11

število enot: 74

Licenca: cc0

Verzija: 12. september 2019

ID datoteke: F2

Naslov podatkovne datoteke: Usage of online panels in survey methodology field, 2016: A systematic review - panel [Podatkovna datoteka]

Avtor podatkovne datoteke: Respi, Chiara; Lozar Manfreda, Katja

Format: *.txt - TEKST

število sprememb: 52

število enot: 113

Licenca: cc0

Verzija: 12. september 2019

ID datoteke: F3

Naslov podatkovne datoteke: Usage of online panels in survey methodology field, 2016: A systematic review - individual panel study [Podatkovna datoteka]

Avtor podatkovne datoteke: Respi, Chiara; Lozar Manfreda, Katja

Format: *.txt - TEKST

število sprememb: 25

število enot: 118

Licenca: cc0

Verzija: 12. september 2019

ID datoteke: F4

Naslov podatkovne datoteke: Usage of online panels in survey methodology field, 2016: A systematic review. Complete answers [Podatkovna datoteka]

Avtor podatkovne datoteke: Respi, Chiara; Lozar Manfreda, Katja

Format: *.xlsx - TABELA

število sprememb: 0

število enot: 0

Licenca: cc0

Verzija: 16. september 2019

Spremenljivke

ID: **ID_REF** Oznaka: **Identification code of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Identification code of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
001		1
002		1
003		1
004		1
005		1
006		1
007		1
008		1
009		1
010		1
011		1
012		1
013		1
014		1
015		1
016		1
017		1
018		1
019		1
020		1

Prikazanih je 20 od 74 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **TITLE** Oznaka: **Title of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Title of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
A Comparison of Different Online Sampling Approaches for Generating National Samples		1

A Comparison of Four Probability-Based Online and Mixed-Mode Panels in Europe	1
A Comparison of the Quality of Questions in a Face-to-face and a Web Survey	1
A multi-group analysis of online survey respondent data quality: Comparing a regular USA consumer panel to MTurk samples	1
Accuracy of Estimates in Access Panel Based Surveys (in Improving survey methods)	1
An empirical test of the impact of smartphones on panel-based online data collection (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)	1
Assessing representativeness of a probability-based online panel in Germany (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)	1
Attention and Usability in Internet Surveys: Effects of Visual Feedback in Grid Questions (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)	1
Attitudes Toward Risk and Informed Consent for Research on Medical Practices: A Cross-Sectional Survey	1
Can Biomarkers Be Collected in an Internet Survey? A Pilot Study in the LISS Panel (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)	1
Can a non-probabilistic online panel achieve question quality similar to that of the European Social Survey?	1
Challenges in Reaching Hard-to-Reach Groups in Internet Panel Research (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)	1
Comparing Survey Results Obtained via Mobile Devices and Computers: An Experiment With a Mobile Web Survey on a Heterogeneous Group of Mobile Devices Versus a Computer-Assisted Web Survey	1
Comparison of Smartphone and Online Computer Survey Administration	1
Comparison of US Panel Vendors for Online Surveys	1
Comparison of telephone RDD and online panel survey modes on CPGI scores and co-morbidities	1
Correcting for non-response bias in contingent valuation surveys concerning environmental non-market goods: an empirical investigation using an online panel	1
Data Quality in PC and Mobile Web Surveys	1
Determinants of the starting rate and the completion rate in online panel studies (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)	1
Does It Pay Off to Include Non-Internet Households in an Internet Panel?	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 74 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

ID: **EDITOR** Oznaka: **Editor of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Editor of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Annals of Internal Medicine 162 (10)		1
Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health		1
Center for Crime and Justice Policy, CCJP 1		1
Field Methods, 26, 4		1
Field Methods, 27, 4. pp. 391-408		1
Field Methods, Published online before print February 21, 2013		1
Field Methods, Published online before print January 29, 2013		1
International Gambling Studies		1
International Journal of Internet Science, 8, 1, p. 17-29		1
International Journal of Market Research, 55, 1, pp. 59-80		1
International Journal of Market Research, 55, 5, pp. 611-616		1
International Journal of Market Research, 57, 3, pp. 395-412		1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 24, 2, pp. 238-249		1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 24, 4, pp. 534-545		1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 25, 2, pp. 242-253		1
JMIR Publications, 15, 11		1
Journal of Business Research, 69, 8, pp. 3139-3148		1
Journal of Environmental Planning and Management		1
Journal of Medical Internet Research, 16, 12, e276		1
Journal of Official Statistics, 30, 2, pp. 291-310		1

Prikazanih je 20 od 51 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **AUTHOR** Oznaka: **Author of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Author of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Arn, B.; Klug, S.; Kolodziejewski, J.		1
Avendano, M., Scherpenzeel, A. C., Mackenbach, J. P.		1
Baker, R., Miller, C., Kachhi, D., Lange, K., Wilding-Brown, L., Tucker, J.		1
Binswanger, J., Schunk, D., Toepoel, V.		1
Blom, A. G., Bosnjak, M., Cornilleau, A., Cousteaux, A-S., Das, M., Douhou, S., Krieger, U.		1
Blom, A. G.; Gathmann, C.; Krieger, U.		1

Bonnichsen, O.; Boye Olsen, S.	1
Bosnjak, M., Haas, I., Galesic, M., Kaczmirek, L., Bandilla, W., Couper, M. P.	1
Bosnjak, M.; Struminskaya, B.; Weyandt, K.	1
Brown, G., Weber, D., Zanon, D., de Bie, K.	1
Buskirk, T. D., Andrus, C.	1
Cella, D., Craig, B. M., Hays, R. D., Pickard, A. S., Reeve, B. B., Revicki, D. A.	1
Cho, Mildred K., David Magnus, Melissa Constantine, Sandra Soo-Jin Lee, Maureen Kelley, Stephanie Alessi, Diane Korngiebel, et al.	1
Couper, M. P., Tourangeau, R., Conrad, F. G., Zhang, C.	1
Drewes, F.	1
Eckman, S.	1
Enderle, T., and Münnich, R.	1
Engel, U.	1
Erens, B.; Burkill, S.; Couper, M. P.; C., Clifton, S., Tanton, C., Phelps, A., Datta, J., Mercer, C. H., Sonnenberg, P., Prah, P., Mitchell, K. R., Wellings, K., Johnson, Anne M., Copas, A. Conrad, F. C.	1
Ester, P., Vinken, H.	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 69 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

ID: **YEAR** Oznaka: **Year of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Year of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
2011		6
2012		5
2013		15
2014		28
2015		14
2016		6

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 2011 do 2016

ID: **COUNT_ST** Oznaka: **Country of the study**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Country of the study

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Australia		1
Austria		2
Denmark		3
Finland		1
Germany		14
Germany and USA		1
Japan		1
Russia		2
South Korea		1
Spain		1
Switzerland		1
The Netherlands		26
The Netherlands, Germany and France		1
USA		18
United Kingdom		1

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **TYPE_RES** Oznaka: **Type of resource**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of resource

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Book section, Edited book		25
Journal article		49

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **CP_POP** Oznaka: **Target population**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Target population

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
American Jewish population (=rare population)		1
Internet users aged 18 and older		3
US adults		3
car drivers, motorcyclists or other road users		1

different walks of life (i.e. employees, unknown employment status, temporary workers, and students)	1
general population	36
grocery shoppers who have purchased fresh blueberries in the last year	1
immigrants	1
market research company's clients	1
mobile web population	2
people aged 14+ and users of smartphones and tablets	1
people aged 16+ who use a smartphone with an Internet connection	1
people aged 18 and older	6
people aged 18 and older with access to the Internet and in possession of a smartphone	1
people aged 18+ and entitled to vote for the German Federal Parliament	1
people aged between 18 and 65	1
people from all walks of life	3
residents in regional Victoria or Melbourne, who visited at least one of the nine specific state or national parks in the study region within the last 12 months	1
smartphone owners	1
target population of the tested area and a panel sample	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 26 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 72

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **PANEL_NO** Oznaka: **Number of panels referred to**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Number of panels referred to

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	panel	62
2	panels	7
3	panels	1
4	panels	2
7	panels	1
19	panels	1

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 19

ID: **STUDY_NO** Oznaka: **Number of studies on panel members reported by the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Number of studies on panel members reported by the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	study	68
2	studies	4
3	studies	1
4	studies	1

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 4

ID: **RE_TOPIC** Oznaka: **Topic of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Topic of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	panel itself	46
2	panel as a sample source	8
3	both panel itself and as a sample source	20

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 74

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 3

ID: **ID_REF** Oznaka: **Identification code of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Identification code of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
001		1
002		1
003		1
004		1
005		1
006		1
007		1
008		1

009	1
010	2
011	1
012	1
013	1
014	1
015	1
016	1
017	1
018	1
019	2
020	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 74 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **ID_PANEL** Oznaka: **Identification code of the panel**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Identification code of the panel

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
001.001		1
002.001		1
003.001		1
004.001		1
005.001		1
006.001		1
007.001		1
008.001		1
009.001		1
010.001		1
010.002		1
011.001		1
012.001		1
013.001		1
014.001		1
015.001		1
016.001		1
017.001		1

018.001	1
019.001	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 113 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **TITLE** Oznaka: **Title of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Title of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
A Comparison of Different Online Sampling Approaches for Generating National Samples		3
A Comparison of Four Probability-Based Online and Mixed-Mode Panels in Europe		4
A Comparison of the Quality of Questions in a Face-to-face and a Web Survey		1
A multi-group analysis of online survey respondent data quality: Comparing a regular USA consumer panel to MTurk samples		2
Accuracy of Estimates in Access Panel Based Surveys (in Improving survey methods)		1
An empirical test of the impact of smartphones on panel-based online data collection (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)		1
Assessing representativeness of a probability-based online panel in Germany (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)		1
Attention and Usability in Internet Surveys: Effects of Visual Feedback in Grid Questions (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)		1
Attitudes Toward Risk and Informed Consent for Research on Medical Practices: A Cross-Sectional Survey		1
Can Biomarkers Be Collected in an Internet Survey? A Pilot Study in the LISS Panel (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)		1
Can a non-probabilistic online panel achieve question quality similar to that of the European Social Survey?		1
Challenges in Reaching Hard-to-Reach Groups in Internet Panel Research (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)		1
Comparing Survey Results Obtained via Mobile Devices and Computers: An Experiment With a Mobile Web Survey on a Heterogeneous Group of Mobile Devices Versus a Computer-Assisted Web Survey		1
Comparison of Smartphone and Online Computer Survey Administration		1
Comparison of US Panel Vendors for Online Surveys		7

Comparison of telephone RDD and online panel survey modes on CPGI scores and co-morbidities	1
Correcting for non-response bias in contingent valuation surveys concerning environmental non-market goods: an empirical investigation using an online panel	1
Data Quality in PC and Mobile Web Surveys	1
Determinants of the starting rate and the completion rate in online panel studies (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)	1
Does It Pay Off to Include Non-Internet Households in an Internet Panel?	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 74 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

ID: **EDITOR** Oznaka: **Editor of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Editor of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Annals of Internal Medicine 162 (10)		1
Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health		1
Center for Crime and Justice Policy, CCJP 1		3
Field Methods, 26, 4		1
Field Methods, 27, 4. pp. 391-408		1
Field Methods, Published online before print February 21, 2013		1
Field Methods, Published online before print January 29, 2013		1
International Gambling Studies		1
International Journal of Internet Science, 8, 1, p. 17-29		1
International Journal of Market Research, 55, 1, pp. 59-80		1
International Journal of Market Research, 55, 5, pp. 611-616		1
International Journal of Market Research, 57, 3, pp. 395-412		1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 24, 2, pp. 238-249		1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 24, 4, pp. 534-545		1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 25, 2, pp. 242-253		1
JMIR Publications, 15, 11		7
Journal of Business Research, 69, 8, pp. 3139-3148		2
Journal of Environmental Planning and Management		1
Journal of Medical Internet Research, 16, 12, e276		4
Journal of Official Statistics, 30, 2, pp. 291-310		1

Prikazanih je 20 od 51 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **AUTHOR** Oznaka: **Author of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Author of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Arn, B.; Klug, S.; Kolodziejski, J.		1
Avendano, M., Scherpenzeel, A. C., Mackenbach, J. P.		1
Baker, R., Miller, C., Kachhi, D., Lange, K., Wilding-Brown, L., Tucker, J.		1
Binswanger, J., Schunk, D., Toepoel, V.		2
Blom, A. G., Bosnjak, M., Cornilleau, A., Cousteaux, A-S., Das, M., Douhou, S., Krieger, U.		4
Blom, A. G.; Gathmann, C.; Krieger, U.		1
Bonnichsen, O.; Boye Olsen, S.		1
Bosnjak, M., Haas, I., Galesic, M., Kaczmirek, L., Bandilla, W., Couper, M. P.		1
Bosnjak, M.; Struminskaya, B.; Weyandt, K.		1
Brown, G., Weber, D., Zanon, D., de Bie, K.		1
Buskirk, T. D., Andrus, C.		1
Cella, D., Craig, B. M., Hays, R. D., Pickard, A. S., Reeve, B. B., Revicki, D. A.		7
Cho, Mildred K., David Magnus, Melissa Constantine, Sandra Soo-Jin Lee, Maureen Kelley, Stephanie Alessi, Diane Korngiebel, et al.		1
Couper, M. P., Tourangeau, R., Conrad, F. G., Zhang, C.		2
Drewes, F.		1
Eckman, S.		1
Enderle, T., and Münnich, R.		1
Engel, U.		1
Erens, B.; Burkill, S.; Couper, M. P.; C., Clifton, S., Tanton, C., Phelps, A., Datta, J., Mercer, C. H., Sonnenberg, P., Prah, P., Mitchell, K. R., Wellings, K., Johnson, Anne M., Copas, A. Conrad, F. C.		4
Ester, P., Vinken, H.		1

Prikazanih je 20 od 69 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

ID: **YEAR** Oznaka: **Year of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Year of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
2011		6

2012	7
2013	22
2014	36
2015	33
2016	9

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 2011 do 2016

ID: **COUNT_ST** Oznaka: **Country of the study**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Country of the study

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Australia		1
Austria		2
Denmark		3
Finland		1
Germany		14
Germany and USA		2
Japan		1
Russia		2
South Korea		1
Spain		1
Switzerland		1
The Netherlands		47
The Netherlands, Germany and France		4
USA		29
United Kingdom		4

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **TYPE_RES** Oznaka: **Type of resource**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of resource

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Book section, Edited book		27

Journal article	86
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Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **PAN_NAME** Oznaka: **Name of the panel**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Name of the panel

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
ANES Panel Study of the National Science Foundation		3
American Life Panel (ALP)		1
Authentic Response panel		1
CentERpanel		4
DemoSCOPE panel		1
ELIPSS panel		1
Embrain online panel		1
GESIS Online Panel Pilot (GOPP)		3
GESIS panel		3
GLES panel of the German National Science Foundation		1
Gallup Panel		2
German Internet Panel (GIP)		2
Google Android Panel		1
Harris Interactive AG (German section)		1
Immigrant panel		1
Knowledge Networks Panel		4
Kompas Kommunikation panel		1
LISS panel		21
MarketResponse (SAMR) panel		1
Mechanical Turk panel		2

Prikazanih je 20 od 70 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **UNIQ_PAN** Oznaka: **Dummy variable that identifies unique/duplicated panels**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Dummy variable that identifies unique/duplicated panels

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
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0	no	42
1	yes	69
99	not applicable	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **TP_COVER** Oznaka: **Type of panel - geographic coverage of the panel**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - geographic coverage of the panel

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	national	98
2	international	13
99	not applicable	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 2

ID: **TP_COMP** Oznaka: **Type of panel - membership composition**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - membership composition

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
general population		72
general population (LISS panel)		1
general population (access panel)		4
general population (commercial panel)		6
general population (commercial panel) + other panels and river samples		1
general population (commercial panel) + river sample of Internet users		1
general population (consumer panel)		4
general population (national opt-in commercial panel implemented by a statutory authority responsible for national park planning and management)		1
general population (opt-in panel)		3
general population (the CentERpanel)		1
general population (the LISS panel)		1
general population (university-based nonprofit panel)		3
general population (volunteer access panel)		2

general population (volunteer panel maintained by a communication agency)	1
general population (volunteer panel)	7
proprietary	2
specialty	1
na	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **TP_COMPN** Oznaka: **Type of panel - membership composition (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - membership composition (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	general population	108
2	specialty	1
3	proprietary	2
99	not applicable	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 3

ID: **TP_FIELD** Oznaka: **Type of panel - field in which the panel is established**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - field in which the panel is established

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	commercial	66
2	research, non-commercial	6
3	academic	39
99	not applicable	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 3

ID: **TP_RECR** Oznaka: **Type of panel - recruitment**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - recruitment

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
non-probability		59
non-probability (a sample generated using Mechanical Turk)		1
probability		50
probability (three-stage area sample)		1
na		2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **TP_RECRN** Oznaka: **Type of panel - recruitment (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - recruitment (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	probability	51
2	non-probability	60
99	not applicable	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 2

ID: **TP_SAMP** Oznaka: **Type of panel - sampling**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - sampling

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
non-probability sampling		54
probability sampling		49
probability sampling (ANES Panel Study)		1
probability sampling (GfK/Knowledge Networks - address based)		1
probability sampling (GfK/Knowledge Networks)		1
probability sampling (online panel - ANES Panel Study)		1
propensity sampling		1
quota sampling (a German non-probability online panel - GLES)		1
stratified sampling (by gender and age profile of the mobile web population)		2
na		2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **TP_SAMPN** Oznaka: **Type of panel - sampling (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of panel - sampling (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	probability sampling	55
2	non-probability sampling	56
99	not applicable	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 2

ID: **CP_SIZE** Oznaka: **Size of the panel**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Size of the panel

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1026 (ELIPSS)		1
106878 (panel size=valid e-mails)		1
1142 (all panelists from the CentERpanel)		1
11599 (recruitment stage)		1
13000		1
135000		1
144411		1
1602 (GIP)		1
1603		1
1665		2
17677 households		2
2000 (all panelists from the CentERpanel)		1
2164 (ANES Panel Study)		1
25221		1
2722		2
2892		1
30000		1
3045		1
35000		1

4888 (GESIS)

1

Prikazanih je 20 od 39 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 46

Neveljavni odgovori: 67

ID: **CP_SIZER** Oznaka: **Size of the panel (classes of values)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Size of the panel (classes of values)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	1000-3500	12
2	3501-5999	1
3	6000-10000	17
4	10001-65000	7
5	65001-145000	4
6	145001-449999	0
7	450000-490000	2
99	missing	70

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 43

Neveljavni odgovori: 70

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 7

ID: **CP_POP** Oznaka: **Target population**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Target population

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
American Jewish population (=rare population)		1
Internet users aged 18 and older		3
US adults		3
car drivers, motorcyclists or other road users		1
different walks of life (i.e. employees, unknown employment status, temporary workers, and students)		1
general population		54
grocery shoppers who have purchased fresh blueberries in the last year		1
market research company's clients		1
mobile web population		2
people aged 14+ and users of smartphones and tablets		1

people aged 16+ who use a smartphone with an Internet connection	1
people aged 18 and older	10
people aged 18 and older with access to the Internet and in possession of a smartphone	1
people aged 18+ and entitled to vote for the German Federal Parliament	1
people aged between 18 and 65	19
people from all walks of life	3
residents in regional Victoria or Melbourne, who visited at least one of the nine specific state or national parks in the study region within the last 12 months	1
smartphone owners	1
target population of the tested area and a panel sample	1
users of many websites	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 25 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 111

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **PDQ_CGS** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with the gold standard (variables)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with the gold standard (variables)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
WageIndicator Survey (LW) data, i.e., mean wage, socio-demographics, and wage-related covariates compared with LISS panel data and Statistics Netherlands		1
age, gender, education, and personality traits compared with ALLBUS national CAPI survey		1
attitudinal (respondents' assessment of the current economic situation in Germany and the economic situation in one year, the assessment of respondents' own financial situation and prospective financial situation in one year, general health, religious		1
date of birth, gender, race/ethnicity, socioeconomic status, health status, and geographic location compared with US Census		7
demographic (gender, age, education, legal marital status, employment, and immigration background) and attitudinal variables (political interest, satisfaction with the government, generalized trust, self-rated health status, assessment of the state o		1
demographics, and residential characteristics compared with US Census		3
demographics, attitudinal variables (political interest, satisfaction with democracy, and social and institutional trust), and voting behavior compared with a face-to-face national survey (FNES) and a telephone survey; political participation and act		1

demographics, voting behavior, and Internet access of the LISS panel members compared with the Dutch population	1
gender identity and sex questions, ethnicity, and race compared with two population-based surveys (NHIS and NESARC)	1
male, median age, over 65 years old, household composition and size, home-owner, urbanicity, and voting behavior compared with register data from Statistics Netherlands	1
satisfaction, and trust in institutions compared with ESS using MTMM approach	1
sex, age, education, marriage, living region, and living place compared with National Statistics (GS) and with a paper-based survey	1
socio-demographic variables, urbanization region, ethnical background, and voting behavior compared with the Dutch population	1
socio-demographics and, opinion and behavior questions compared with Natsal-3 and external benchmark data (the UK population census, the ONS Integrated Household Survey - IHS, and the National Travel Survey)	4
socio-economic variables compared with the target population of the tested area	1
time spent on different media, satisfaction, political orientation, social and political trust, and left-right orientation compared with ESS using a Split-Ballot-MTMM approach	1
urbanicity, region, sex, age, household type, and unemployment rate, level of education, purchasing power, and immigration compared with street-level data from a commercial provider and population statistics from the 2011 census	1
na	85

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 28

Neveljavni odgovori: 85

ID: **PDQ_CGSV** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with the gold standard (recoded variables)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with the gold standard (recoded variables)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
attitudinal variables		1
attitudinal variables, and use of media		1
gender identity and sex questions, ethnicity, and race		1
socio-demographics and, attitudinal and behavioral variables		4
socio-demographics, Internet access, and voting behavior		1
socio-demographics, and attitudinal variables		1
socio-demographics, and geographic location		1
socio-demographics, and personality traits		1
socio-demographics, and residential characteristics		3

socio-demographics, and wage-related variables	1
socio-demographics, attitudinal variables, Internet access and use, political participation, and voting behavior	1
socio-demographics, attitudinal variables, religious confession, and residential characteristics	1
socio-demographics, health status, and geographic location	7
socio-demographics, residential characteristics, urbanicity, and voting behavior	1
socio-demographics, urbanicity, and geographic location	1
socio-demographics, urbanicity, and voting behavior	1
socio-economic variables	1
na	85

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 28

Neveljavni odgovori: 85

ID: **PDQ_CGSN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with the gold standard (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with the gold standard (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	85
1	yes	28

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_COM** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with another mode of data collection (variables)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with another mode of data collection (variables)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
GLSES data, i.e., distribution of speeders, speeding*age, speeding*education, speeding*evaluation (and its determinants) of Merkel's or Bush's handling of the economy, and speeding*turnout intention compared with ANES data		2
age, level of formal education, income, general reason for visiting parks, and self-reported knowledge of parks in the region compared with self-selected public; indicators of mapping effort and data usability compared with self-selected public, and		1

demographics, socio-economic variables, and co-morbidities compared with a RDD survey	1
demographics, voting behavior, and Internet access of the LISS panel members compared with a traditional national survey (the Dutch Parliamentary Electoral Study), with an online survey (self-selected sample), and with samples from 19 online panels	1
gender, age, date of birth, education, State, ZIP code, annual household income, and response time between the 7 panel vendors surveys	7
gender, age, race, home, urbanity, education, income, employment, marital status, and length of stay in panel compared with the mail survey mode; the likelihood of completing the survey by mode (logistic models); the effects of mode on item nonresponse	1
proportion of Jews with Jewish denominational affiliations compared with an RDD survey and two opt-in surveys	1
questions about traffic behaviors, about agreement with existing road safety measures, about agreement with new car safety provisions, and about personal willingness to reduce car usage for a cleaner environment compared with a probability-based face-	1
respondent quality (median annual household income, demographics, mean number of panels belonged to, average number of surveys completed per week), opinions about economy/well-being of the country/quality of life/personal relationships/use of social	2
to compare the effect of nonresponse strategies on satisficing between the Internet and telephone modes	1
trust, and attitude toward immigration compared with a face-to-face survey (ESS)	1
na	94

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 19

Neveljavni odgovori: 94

ID: **PDQ_COMN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with another mode of data collection (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - comparison of point estimates with another mode of data collection (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	94
1	yes	19

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **PDQ_REL** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - relationships among variables**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - relationships among variables

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
age*education*gender*urbanization*income*social class*household composition*household size*use of mobile for online survey completion		1
age*ethnicity*hours a week online*privacy online*agree/disagree questions related to privacy*provided/refused personally identifying information		1
age*gender*race*education*income*metrics for fraudulence identification (low-probability screening questions)*inattentiveness (straightlining, speeding, inconsistency of age reporting, and trap questions)*survey version (standard probit model); trap		1
age*gender*smartphone ownership; (the same first two variables)*survey access via mobile devices; (the same first two variables)*private Internet access via smartphone; (the same first two variables)*location for private Internet access via smartphon		1
age*origin*education*housing*need for a simPC and a broadband connection; (the same first 4 variables)*device on loan or not*gender*position in the household*terminated panel participation (=percentage of fully completed questionnaires among those on		1
demographics*opinion and policy preference (38 items)		1
demographics*self-rated health status*life satisfaction (regression model for each of the 3 surveys)		1
design effect*device type; age*online survey components ("Appealing visual design", and "That smartphones and tablets can be used to take part in the study")*smartphone user or not		1
device type*age*gender*education*nationality*living alone*in paid work*online survey experience*indicators of NRE and ME		1
device used in month*device used in subsequent month (=device switch)		1
distribution of speeders; speeding*age; speeding*education; speeding*evaluation (and its determinants) of Merkel's or Bush's handling of the economy (also excluding page-specific speeders from the analysis); speeding*turnout intention (also excluding		2
experimental condition*gender*education*age*employed or not*married or not*Internet use*4 questions*questionnaire was interesting*response; (the same 9 variables)*number of words provided to the 4 open-ended questions		1
experimental conditions*item nonresponse; experimental conditions*interactive terms (among each condition)*item nonresponse; experimental conditions*interactive terms (among each condition)*age*education*SIMpc*item nonresponse; the same three models		1
gender*age*Region*5 treatments*response rate		1
gender*age*education*race/ethnicity*family income*region*marital status*arm 4 and arm 5 (seeds and recruits)		1

gender*age*education*working status*trust*political interest*self-assessed health*survey participation previous 12 months*evaluation questionnaire 1*incentive*unconditioned/conditioned group; knowledge questions about nuclear power plants ("don't know")	1
gender*age*education*working status*urbanization*household composition*type of device; (the same first 6 variables)*early/late adopter of new technology (to predict unintended mobile responding); (the same first 6 variables)*smartphone usage characteristics	2
low/high-frequency scale (3 questions)*survey mode (experiment 1); closed-ended/half-open "Other" category (3 questions)*survey mode (experiment 2); small/large text box (3 questions)*survey mode (experiment 3); alphabetized/randomized response list	1
mean age*gender*political attitude*political interest*percentage of final recruitment*respondents who have completed the entire recruitment questionnaire	1
mean responses to 26 items*experimental condition (ANOVA); subjective and objective length of the questionnaire*experimental condition (ANOVA); questionnaire evaluation (5 questions)*experimental condition (ANOVA); location at the time of survey completion	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 32 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 33

Neveljavni odgovori: 80

ID: **PDQ_RELN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - relationships among variables (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - relationships among variables (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	80
1	yes	33

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_WEI** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - weighting techniques**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - weighting techniques

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
design weights, post-stratification weights (age, gender, and education based on unweighted data from ALLBUS)		1

multiple weights (i.e., Microcensus sample probability, participation and continuation in the access panel, DE-SILC sample probability, and participation in DE-SILC); large-scale Monte Carlo simulation study: comparison of two estimation techniques (	1
post hoc weighting for age*gender	1
post-hoc weights according to language, gender, and age	1
post-stratification using 2011 Census: age within sex	4
post-stratification weights	1
post-stratification weights (to correct for nonresponse bias)*design weights (to correct for selection bias)	1
propensity score weights	1
propensity scores to estimate nonresponse bias: mean values of three survey attitudes estimated using propensity scores based on 1. information about the contact course and "concern/refusal conversion" patterns, and 2. district-level data (the mean s	1
regression models calculate predicted values as imputation of missing responses	1
sampling weights applied to 18 demographic quotas, each defined by age, gender, and race/ethnicity	7
sampling weights based on past "trap questions" research	1
unweighted composite scores and composite scores based on regression weights	1
weights (gender-age*education)	1
weights for the LISS sample (working time, age, type of contract, occupation, and education); propensity score adjustment weights (individual propensity weights, average propensity weights, and propensity post-stratified weights) for the LW sample co	1
na	89

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 24

Neveljavni odgovori: 89

ID: **PDQ_WEIR** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - weighting techniques (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - weighting techniques (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	design weights	9
2	post-stratification weights	8
3	propensity scores	3
4	imputation of missing responses	1
5	a combination of different types of weights	3

99	not applicable	89
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Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 24

Neveljavni odgovori: 89

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 5

ID: **PDQ_WEIN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - weighting techniques (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - weighting techniques (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	89
1	yes	24

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_PRE** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - professional respondents**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - professional respondents

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
do survey answers of trained respondents differ systematically from answers of novice respondents		2
mean number of panel memberships, mean number of completed questionnaires in the past 4 weeks, frequency of checking email accounts, incentive as motivation, and fun as motivation by 4 Latent Classes of respondents (altruistic nonprofessional, semi-a		19
mean number of self-reported surveys in the past four weeks; mean number of self-reported online panel memberships; number of surveys*age*gender*race*income*marital status*education*full-time work status*political knowledge/interest/activity*turnout*		1
number of panels, and number of surveys taken per week		2
na		89

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 24

Neveljavni odgovori: 89

ID: **PDQ_PREN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - professional respondents (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - professional respondents (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	89
1	yes	24

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_SPE** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - speeders**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - speeders

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
6 minutes (half the announced estimated time to complete) to fill in the questionnaire is the threshold defined to classify respondents as speeders (<6 minutes) or non-speeders (>6 minutes)	1	1
GLSES and ANES data: distribution of speeders using 3 thresholds (responses more than 30% or 40% or 50% faster than the median response time); speeding*age; speeding*education; speeding*evaluation (and its determinants) of Merkel's or Bush's handling o	2	2
alternatives"	1	1
difference in average time to complete each question block (in seconds) for 3 sample groups (USA panel Regular, USA Mturk, and MTurk non-USA)	2	2
difference in mean duration for questionnaires completed with no interruption between experienced (=received only one questionnaire prior to the experimental questionnaire) and not experienced (=received from 4 to 5 questionnaire prior to the experim	1	1
positive speeding identification occurs when a respondent took less than four seconds on average to answer each of the 13 choices between optimized sets of product	1	1
na		105

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 8

Neveljavni odgovori: 105

ID: **PDQ_SPEN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - speeders (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - speeders (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	106

1	yes	7
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Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_FRA** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - fraudulent or inattentive respondents**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - fraudulent or inattentive respondents

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
"trap questions" (=attention filter questions), straightlining, low-probability screening questions, and inconsistency of age reporting to identify inattentive respondents		1
cheating (attention filter questions and straightlining), test-retest reliability (duplicate questions), and duplicated IP addresses		2
the full personally identifying information (name, address, date of birth, and e-mail address) for respondents who provided it was sent to four validation services		1
na		109

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 4

Neveljavni odgovori: 109

ID: **PDQ_FRAN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - fraudulent or inattentive respondents (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - fraudulent or inattentive respondents (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	109
1	yes	4

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_PCO** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - panel conditioning effect**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - panel conditioning effect

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
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comparison of the use of Internet applications between Internet households and non-Internet households (after providing them Internet access)	1
explorative analysis of whether the lottery condition in Study 1 influenced response behavior 5 months later in Study 2 (general longitudinal effects)	1
percentage of straightlining across 10 grid questions (about personality, politics, health, leisure, religion, and income) in core modules by wave (from 1 to 7); straightlining*number of months in panel; straightlining*number of previous surveys	1
regressions for the effect of panel conditioning on respondents' preferences regarding pension income (risky pensions, life-cycle spending, risk attitude, and minimum spending) using socio-demographics and interaction terms (LISS*survey completion ti	2
two field experiments to study panel conditioning due to learning the surveying process: experiment 1 - advantageous conditioning (choice of "don't know" answers and social desirability reduction), experiment 2 - disadvantageous conditioning (infor	1
na	107

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 6

Neveljavni odgovori: 107

ID: **PDQ_PCON** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - panel conditioning effect (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - panel conditioning effect (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	107
1	yes	6

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_REC** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - recruitment strategies for setting up the panel**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - recruitment strategies for setting up the panel

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
7 reasons for joining the online panel (by gender, age, and education) and 7 materialism items (factor analysis: first factor is "materialism toward money", and second factor is "materialism toward possessions")	1	1
GLES data: self-recruitment, and recruitment through extern link*response time	1	1

face-to-face; unconditional and conditional monetary incentives (GESIS)	1
face-to-face; unconditional and conditional monetary incentives (GIP)	1
multi-mode (phone and mail) recruitment experiment with different combinations (8 recruitment-assignment groups) of 3 response inducements (advance letter, prepaid monetary incentive, and phone follow-up)	1
recruitment experiment (after asking for the number of friends): 1. respondents are asked to give a list of friends (5 arms: 1. to list one person; 2. to list 10 persons; 3. to list 10 persons but if they are fewer than those indicated in the precedi	1
recruitment experiment (with 500 individuals aged 18-69 from the Danish Civil Registration System divided into 5 samples) for a web panel; pre-recruitment online questionnaire answered by all 5 samples' members; 5 recruitment strategies (=treatment g	1
recruitment of 1200 addresses from the address frame of Statistics Netherlands; 8 experiments that are a combination of contact mode (CATI/CAPI), content of the advance letter (standard/special), incentive payment (none/prepaid/promised), incentive a	1
telephone and face-to-face; unconditional monetary incentives (LISS)	1
two incentives experiments: unconditional/conditional cash incentive in the F2F phase; unconditional/no incentive in the first e-mail reminder to register for the online survey	1
unconditional monetary incentives, tablet PCs and 3G Internet (ELIPSS)	1
na	102

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 11

Neveljavni odgovori: 102

ID: **PDQ_REC** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - recruitment strategies for setting up the panel (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - recruitment strategies for setting up the panel

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	102
1	yes	11

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_MAI** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - retention strategies for maintaining the panel**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - recruitment strategies for setting up the panel

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
2 experiments: traditional forms of information (cards, ring binder, advance letter and incentive, e-cards, and newsletter), and innovative forms of feedback information (videos with interviews and graphs showing panel results); effect of the feedback		1
incentive*type of sleeper*sleeper reactivation (percentages, and logistic regression coefficients)		1
reminders, monetary incentives, hotline, e-mail and messages, presentation of study results and research teams on website, feedback possibilities in each questionnaire (GESIS)		1
reminders, monetary incentives, payout, toll-free hotline, e-mail and messages, presentation of study results and research teams on website, feedback possibilities in each questionnaire, greetings (GIP)		1
reminders, monetary incentives, payout, toll-free hotline, e-mail and messages, presentation of study results on website, newsletter, feedback possibilities in each questionnaire, greetings (LISS)		1
reminders, personal use of tablet and 3G Internet connection, hotline, e-mail and push messages, presentation of study results on applet, feedback possibilities in each questionnaire (ELIPSS)		1
to make contact: two routes to access the questionnaire (e-mail invitation and study's website); to gain cooperation: feedback study results on the website as a way to make the survey salient to panel members, e-mail and phone reminders, monetary inc		1
na		106

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 7

Neveljavni odgovori: 106

ID: **PDQ_MAIN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - retention strategies for maintaining the panel (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - retention strategies for maintaining the panel (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	106
1	yes	7

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_LOY** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - participants loyalty to the panel (vs. attrition) and membership tenure**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - participants loyalty to the panel (vs. attrition) and membership tenure

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
GLES regular members: duration of panel membership, and number of completed surveys in the previous four weeks*response time		1
attrition (and demographics) of incentivized/non-incentivized panel members; member-related (demographics) and panel-related (number of surveys assigned and completed, token gift sent, and number of non-response reminder postcards sent) predictors of		1
attrition rate after 7 surveys in the 3 months of data collection, and socio-demographics of the participants dropping off during the panel (no systematic patterns among participants dropping out of the panel)		1
attrition rate by treatment group (conditioned and unconditioned)		1
demographics*2 experiments*response in month following mailing or response in second month after mailing or participated all months or still active at end of period (logistic regression models)		1
members who are staying longer in the panel have higher response rates than more recent members; comparing long stay panelists by survey mode, web survey members participate less than mail survey ones		1
non-Internet households show a high degree of loyalty (average monthly response rate, and attrition rate); likelihood that a household (socio-demographics) leaves the panel		1
panel cooperativeness (completed the profile survey, mean number of complete waves, completed from 1 to 10 waves, completed from 11 to 20 waves, completed all waves, skipped last two waves, and answered no waves)*number of calls*initial refusals*prot		1
posterior response probabilities for the 9 Latent Classes of respondents in each wave; socio-demographics*psychological variables*survey attitude*9 class memberships (regression model)		1
retention of individual panel members in 2008 and 2012		1
retention rates of households from 2005 to 2009 (for both the access panel recruitment and the DE-SILC respondents sample); recruitment (for the access panel) and response (for the DE-SILC sample) success*federal state*year (logit model); household s		1
sample composition (over 65 years old, household composition and size, home-owner, urbanicity, and voting behavior) of the surviving panel members; response propensity of the 9 Latent Classes of respondents in each wave; sample composition (male, med		1
splitting the lottery deters more recently registered panelists from finishing the survey; retainees in the split lottery are more open for experience than retainees in the lump sum lottery (tenure in years)		1
straightlining*number of months in panel; straightlining*number of previous surveys		1

the main effect of membership tenure is not significant, but members with shorter membership tenure, who have been enrolled in the online panel for six months or less, participated to a higher degree if the topic was made highly salient

1

na

98

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 15

Neveljavni odgovori: 98

ID: **PDQ_LOYN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - participants loyalty to the panel (vs. attrition) and membership tenure (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - participants loyalty to the panel (vs. attrition) and membership tenure (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	98
1	yes	15

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_NRE** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - nonresponse error**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - nonresponse error

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
30 predictors (primary and secondary characteristics) of starting (started/invited panelists) and completion (finished/started questionnaires) rates (2 models)		1
age, gender, education, and personality traits are used to study sample composition in the stages of willingness to participate in the panel and actual participation to the online surveys among the sample members (second and third selection stages)		1
comparison (based on over 65 years old, household composition and size, home-owner, and urbanicity) between initial nonrespondents (recruitment phase) and 4 Latent Classes of attriters		1
completion rate, and eligibility rate		1
completion rates (absorption rate=percentage of the invitations delivered, start rate, completion rate, screened out rate, breakoff rate, and number of completed questionnaire)*wave (1 and 2)*survey mode (PC web, and mobile web)		1

demographics*response propensity (non-acceptance=refusal or non-response to the invitation in the screening survey, non-completion, and missing opinion from the policy favorability items)	1
gender*age*education*method of recruitment*panel tenure*number of other online panels in which a member was enrolled*reasons for joining the online panel*materialism*starting rate; (the same variables)*break-off rate	1
initial response rate (household registered as panel member, and participating persons in panel households)	1
males, older respondents, very high income households, low educated people, and households without children are more prone to participate (binary probit model)	1
members of online panels highly interested in the survey topic have a higher participation rate than panel members with low personal interest; the level of topic salience in the email invitation have no influence on participation behaviour	1
nonresponse rates at the agree-to-panel stage and at the panel stage (=final stage of the recruitment process) and reasons; providing people with a simPC leads to more panel participation among the groups often hard to reach in survey research	1
number invited*number of respondents*response rate*number of recruits*ratio recruits per recruiter*5 arms (experiment 2); waves*recruitment (arms 4 and 5)	1
number of response in recruitment experiment (noncontacts, fully completed survey before reminder, response rate before reminder, final number of fully completed survey, final response rate, final number of incomplete interviews and of explicit refus	1
only mentioned	1
only mentioned as NOT significant	1
only mentioned to correct it with weights	1
participation rate, screening participation rate, and dropout rate	1
response in recruitment (not usable, not reached, refusals, central questions only, complete recruitment interview, willing to participate in panel, and registered panel member)*interview modes (CATI/CAPI households with/without phone number); experi	1
response metrics (recruitment rate X completion rate = cumulative response rate) for the telephone recruitment and online participation	1
response propensity models at recruitment stage; effect of “concerns/refusal conversion” patterns on the odds of obtaining a full interview (recruitment stage); incentive experiment carried out within the “call announced” subsample0	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 29 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 35

Neveljavni odgovori: 78

ID: **PDQ_NREN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - nonresponse error (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - nonresponse error (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	78
1	yes	35

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_ME** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - measurement error**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - measurement error

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
bias between true parliamentary results and estimates from respondents in the 9 classes is measured computing correlation between voting behavior and attrition classes		1
conditioning on measured preferences, don't know answers, question order		2
demographic distributions and data quality indicators (e. g., inconsistent/conflicting answers) were compared between those who validated and those who did not; the impact of the validation process on the final sample (in terms of demographics, behavior)		1
mapping effort (=the exertion of physical and mental power to complete the mapping activity, measured by the total number of markers placed in the survey process, the total elapsed clock time placing the markers, and the mean elapsed time in placing		1
means of the response style indicators (acquiescence, extreme responding, neutral middle, and differentiation) per grid (political, and neighborhood)*4 Latent Classes of respondents*effect sizes (Cohen's f) of the all differences (multivariate analysis)		19
members of online panels highly interested in the survey topic show less satisficing behaviour than panel members with low personal interest; the level of topic salience in the email invitation have no influence on data quality in the online panel		1
number of surveys*age*gender*race*income*marital status*education*full-time work status*survey effort*interview duration*attrited*straight-line*percent missing*percent "don't know"*junk responses to the open-ended questions; panel memberships*(the sample)		1

quality (=the strength of the relationship between the latent and the observed variables) estimates for each experiment, trait and method are slightly different between the online panel and the face-to-face survey in half of the cases and are in fav	1
quality (=the strength of the relationship between the latent variable one is really interested in and the observed answer to a specific question asked in a given survey) estimates for each experiment, trait and method are sometimes higher in the onl	1
respondent identity (the proportion of consented respondents who failed to meet the technical criteria, failed to complete the screener questions, and provided discordant responses); discordance (=survey responses were compared with each other, with	7
satisficing: panel surveys and Natsal-3 CASI show more neutral points (i.e., "don't know," "depends," or "neither agree nor disagree") when compared with the same (or similar) opinion questions in Natsal-3 CAPI	4
social desirability bias	1
straightlining*waves; waves*gender*age*marital status*immigration*education*10 grid questions*implausible/plausible straightlining (generalized estimating equations logistic regression)	1
straightlining, and answers in scale questions	2
strong axiom of revealed preference violations as data quality metrics (i. e., low-probability screening questions, failing "trap questions", straight-lining, speeding, and inconsistent answers); response differences when passing and failing quaranti	1
na	69

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 44

Neveljavni odgovori: 69

ID: **PDQ_ME_R** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - measurement error (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - measurement error (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	bias between true values and estimates	1
2	discordant/inconsistent answers	8
3	satisficing behavior	31
4	quality estimates obtained adopting a Multitrait-Multimethod (MTMM) matrix	2
5	social desirability bias	1
6	strong axiom of revealed preference (SARP) violations	1
99	not applicable	69

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 44

Neveljavni odgovori: 69

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 6

ID: **PDQ_ME_N** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - measurement error (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - measurement error (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	69
1	yes	44

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PDQ_QDE** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - questionnaire design**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - questionnaire design

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
attention filter questions		2
na		111

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 2

Neveljavni odgovori: 111

ID: **PDQ_QDEN** Oznaka: **Panel data quality - questionnaire design (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel data quality - questionnaire design (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	111
1	yes	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 113

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **ID_PANST** Oznaka: **Id panel study**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Id panel study

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
001.001.001		1
002.001.001		1
003.001.001		1
004.001.001		1
004.001.002		1
005.001.001		1
006.001.001		1
007.001.001		1
008.001.001		1
009.001.001		1
010.001.001		1
010.001.002		1
010.002.001		1
010.002.002		1
011.001.001		1
012.001.001		1
013.001.001		1
014.001.001		1
015.001.001		1
016.001.001		1

Prikazanih je 20 od 118 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **TITLE** Oznaka: **Title of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Title of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
A Comparison of Different Online Sampling Approaches for Generating National Samples		3
A Comparison of Four Probability-Based Online and Mixed-Mode Panels in Europe		4
A Comparison of the Quality of Questions in a Face-to-face and a Web Survey		1

A multi-group analysis of online survey respondent data quality: Comparing a regular USA consumer panel to MTurk samples	2
Accuracy of Estimates in Access Panel Based Surveys (in Improving survey methods)	1
An empirical test of the impact of smartphones on panel-based online data collection (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)	1
Assessing representativeness of a probability-based online panel in Germany (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)	1
Attention and Usability in Internet Surveys: Effects of Visual Feedback in Grid Questions (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)	1
Attitudes Toward Risk and Informed Consent for Research on Medical Practices: A Cross-Sectional Survey	1
Can Biomarkers Be Collected in an Internet Survey? A Pilot Study in the LISS Panel (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)	1
Can a non-probabilistic online panel achieve question quality similar to that of the European Social Survey?	1
Challenges in Reaching Hard-to-Reach Groups in Internet Panel Research (in Social and Behavioral Research and the Internet: Advances in Applied Methods and Research Strategies)	1
Comparing Survey Results Obtained via Mobile Devices and Computers: An Experiment With a Mobile Web Survey on a Heterogeneous Group of Mobile Devices Versus a Computer-Assisted Web Survey	1
Comparison of Smartphone and Online Computer Survey Administration	1
Comparison of US Panel Vendors for Online Surveys	7
Comparison of telephone RDD and online panel survey modes on CPGI scores and co-morbidities	1
Correcting for non-response bias in contingent valuation surveys concerning environmental non-market goods: an empirical investigation using an online panel	1
Data Quality in PC and Mobile Web Surveys	1
Determinants of the starting rate and the completion rate in online panel studies (in Online Panel Research: A Data Quality Perspective)	1
Does It Pay Off to Include Non-Internet Households in an Internet Panel?	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 74 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

ID: **EDITOR** Oznaka: **Editor of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Editor of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
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Annals of Internal Medicine 162 (10)	1
Asia-Pacific Journal of Public Health	1
Center for Crime and Justice Policy, CCJP 1	3
Field Methods, 26, 4	1
Field Methods, 27, 4. pp. 391-408	1
Field Methods, Published online before print February 21, 2013	1
Field Methods, Published online before print January 29, 2013	1
International Gambling Studies	1
International Journal of Internet Science, 8, 1, p. 17-29	1
International Journal of Market Research, 55, 1, pp. 59-80	1
International Journal of Market Research, 55, 5, pp. 611-616	1
International Journal of Market Research, 57, 3, pp. 395-412	1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 24, 2, pp. 238-249	1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 24, 4, pp. 534-545	1
International Journal of Public Opinion Research, 25, 2, pp. 242-253	1
JMIR Publications, 15, 11	7
Journal of Business Research, 69, 8, pp. 3139-3148	2
Journal of Environmental Planning and Management	1
Journal of Medical Internet Research, 16, 12, e276	4
Journal of Official Statistics, 30, 2, pp. 291-310	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 51 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **AUTHOR** Oznaka: **Author of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Author of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Arn, B.; Klug, S.; Kolodziejski, J.		2
Avendano, M., Scherpenzeel, A. C., Mackenbach, J. P.		1
Baker, R., Miller, C., Kachhi, D., Lange, K., Wilding-Brown, L., Tucker, J.		1
Binswanger, J., Schunk, D., Toepoel, V.		2
Blom, A. G., Bosnjak, M., Cornilleau, A., Cousteaux, A-S., Das, M., Douhou, S., Krieger, U.		4
Blom, A. G.; Gathmann, C.; Krieger, U.		1
Bonnichsen, O.; Boye Olsen, S.		1
Bosnjak, M., Haas, I., Galesic, M., Kaczmirek, L., Bandilla, W., Couper, M. P.		1
Bosnjak, M.; Struminskaya, B.; Weyandt, K.		1

Brown, G., Weber, D., Zanon, D., de Bie, K.	1
Buskirk, T. D., Andrus, C.	1
Cella, D., Craig, B. M., Hays, R. D., Pickard, A. S., Reeve, B. B., Revicki, D. A.	7
Cho, Mildred K., David Magnus, Melissa Constantine, Sandra Soo-Jin Lee, Maureen Kelley, Stephanie Alessi, Diane Korngiebel, et al.	1
Couper, M. P., Tourangeau, R., Conrad, F. G., Zhang, C.	4
Drewes, F.	1
Eckman, S.	1
Enderle, T., and Münnich, R.	1
Engel, U.	1
Erens, B.; Burkill, S.; Couper, M. P.; C., Clifton, S., Tanton, C., Phelps, A., Datta, J., Mercer, C. H., Sonnenberg, P., Prah, P., Mitchell, K. R., Wellings, K., Johnson, Anne M., Copas, A. Conrad, F. C.	4
Ester, P., Vinken, H.	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 69 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

ID: **YEAR** Oznaka: **Year of the reference**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Year of the reference

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
2011		6
2012		7
2013		25
2014		37
2015		34
2016		9

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 2011 do 2016

ID: **COUNT_ST** Oznaka: **Country of the study**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Country of the study

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Australia		1
Austria		2

Denmark	3
Finland	1
Germany	15
Germany and USA	2
Japan	1
Russia	2
South Korea	1
Spain	1
Switzerland	2
The Netherlands	47
The Netherlands, Germany and France	4
USA	32
United Kingdom	4

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **TYPE_RES** Oznaka: **Type of resource**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of resource

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
Book section, Edited book		28
Journal article		90

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

ID: **UNIQ_PST** Oznaka: **Unique panel study**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Unique panel study

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	35
1	yes	83

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **TS_SAMP** Oznaka: **Type of survey - sampling method**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of survey - sampling method

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
a random sample for study 2		1
all active panelists		1
all online panelists		1
all panelists		15
all panelists (for the CentERpanel)		1
all panelists aged 16 to 49		1
all panelists aged 16 to 75		1
all panelists for study 1		1
all panelists of 6 waves		1
all panelists who are smartphone owners and are willing to complete a survey on their smartphone		1
all panelists who have been using mobile Internet within the last 30 days and are willing to participate in the mobile web survey (screening questionnaire)		1
all panelists who responded to the first 48 waves		1
all panelists who responded to the first survey		1
all panelists who use a smartphone with an Internet connection		1
all panelists who use smartphones and tablets		1
all panelists who were part of the panel for at least two years (for the CentERpanel)		1
non-probability sampling		32
non-probability sampling (a general post of the survey participation opportunity)		1
non-probability sampling; specifics walks of life are selected for each experiment		1
probability sampling		26

Prikazanih je 20 od 35 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 116

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **TS_SAMPN** Oznaka: **Type of survey - sampling method (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Type of survey - sampling method (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	probability sampling	33
2	non-probability sampling	53

4	no sampling, all panelists	30
99	not applicable	2

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 116

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 4

ID: **CS_SIZE** Oznaka: **Size of the study sample (=sample selected NOT respondents sample)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Size of the study sample (=sample selected NOT respondents sample)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1000		7
1000 (sample selected)		19
1026 (ELIPSS)		1
1029 (random sample from study 1)		1
1114		1
1142 (all panelists from the CentERpanel)		1
11599 (recruitment stage)		1
12686 (members invited to participate in the SARTRE-4 survey)		1
138323 (sample selected for survey 2); 153758 (total sample from the 2 panels for survey 2)		1
1500 (sample selected)		1
154 (respondents sample)		1
15435 (sample selected for survey 2); 153758 (total sample from the 2 panels for survey 2)		1
1552 (sample selected)		1
1580		1
1602 (GIP)		1
1603		1
1609 (sample selected)		1
1660		1
1665		1
1700 (sample from the LISS panel)		1

Prikazanih je 20 od 79 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledajte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 107

Neveljavni odgovori: 11

ID: **CS_SIZER** Oznaka: **Size of the study sample (classes of values)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Size of the study sample (classes of values)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	300-1500	38
2	1501-3200	28
3	3201-5999	7
4	6000-10000	15
5	10001-20000	3
6	20001-154000	8
99	missing	19

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 99

Neveljavni odgovori: 19

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 6

ID: **CP_POP** Oznaka: **Target population**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Target population

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
American Jewish population (=rare population)		1
Internet users aged 18 and older		3
US adults		3
car drivers, motorcyclists or other road users		1
different walks of life (i.e. employees, unknown employment status, temporary workers, and students)		1
general population		58
grocery shoppers who have purchased fresh blueberries in the last year		1
mobile web population		2
people aged 14+ and users of smartphones and tablets		1
people aged 16+ who use a smartphone with an Internet connection		1
people aged 18 and older		11
people aged 18 and older with access to the Internet and in possession of a smartphone		1
people aged 18+ and entitled to vote for the German Federal Parliament		1
people aged between 18 and 65		19
people from all walks of life		4
residents in regional Victoria or Melbourne, who visited at least one of the nine specific state or national parks in the study region within the last 12 months		1
smartphone owners		1

target population of the tested area and a panel sample	1
users of many websites	1
users of the Google Opinion Rewards application who have smartphones operated by Google's Android operating system	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 24 kategorij. Za vse podatke si poglejte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 116

Neveljavni odgovori: 2

ID: **CS_LENQ** Oznaka: **Length of the questionnaire**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Length of the questionnaire

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
111 items on 23 pages		1
12 questions		1
120 items		1
120 questions		1
13 items (=26 questions)		4
13 questions		1
130 questions		4
14 items		1
19 items		1
19 questions		1
20 items in two grids		1
21 (short version); 54 (long version) items		1
24 questions		1
24 questions (pre-recruitment online questionnaire)		1
28 questions		1
3 questions (measurement of the biomarker, and 2 questions about the experience and the level of difficulty with measurements)		1
32 items (for study 1)		1
67 questions		1
83 (wave 1); 72 (wave 2) items		1
83 questions		2

Prikazanih je 20 od 24 kategorij. Za vse podatke si poglejte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 30

Neveljavni odgovori: 88

ID: **CS_LENQR** Oznaka: **Length of the questionnaire (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Length of the questionnaire (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
12 questions		1
120 questions		1
13 questions		1
130 questions		4
19 questions		1
2 questions		1
24 questions		2
26 questions		4
28 questions		1
3 questions		1
67 questions		1
83 questions		2
between 6 and 11 questions		1
-		97

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 21

Neveljavni odgovori: 97

ID: **CS_TIMEQ** Oznaka: **Estimated time to fill in the questionnaire**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Estimated time to fill in the questionnaire

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1.27-14.23 minutes (21-122 seconds per block; 7 blocks in total)		2
10 (registration survey); 5-10 (re-registration survey); 15 (survey about smartphone-related usage behavior and attitudes); 5 or 10 or 20 (experimental design set up in a survey with consumer-related behavioral and attitudinal questions) minutes		1
10 minutes		2
10 minutes (pre-recruitment online questionnaire)		1
10 minutes (recruitment interview)		1
10-15 minutes		2
10.80 minutes		1
12 minutes		1
12-18 minutes (mean)		1
14.11 minutes		1

15 minutes	3
20 minutes	4
20-25 minutes (GESIS)	1
20-25 minutes (GIP)	1
25-30 minutes (ANES)	1
30 minutes (ELIPSS)	1
30 minutes (GLES)	1
30 minutes (LISS)	1
30 minutes per month	3
5 (short version); 15 (long version) minutes	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 26 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 35

Neveljavni odgovori: 83

ID: **CS_REPR** Oznaka: **Representativeness of the sample and coverage error**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Representativeness of the sample and coverage error

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
for age*gender only		1
for age, gender, education and household size (representative to the same variables of the GS survey)		1
for age, gender, income, and race/ethnicity		1
for all socio-demographic variables		1
for all socio-demographic variables, urbanization region, ethnical background, and voting behavior (better than the panel consisting only of Internet households)		1
for demographics (gender, age, race, ethnicity, education, annual household income, political affiliation, and marital status), and residential characteristics (type of home/dwelling structure, and type of living area)		3
for demographics, household income, and self-reported health status		1
for household structure, income, employment, age, gender, and citizenship		1
for socio-demographic and employment related covariates of both the LW and the LISS samples in comparison to the population distributions of Statistics Netherlands		1
for socio-demographic variables (less representative than the population-based probability sample of Natsal-3 survey)		4
for socio-demographic variables, and personality traits in different selection stages		1
for socio-economic characteristics		1

for urbanicity, region, sex, age, household type, and unemployment rate, but NOT for level of education, purchasing power, and immigration	1
panel vendors underrepresent adults who did not graduate from high school or had annual incomes less than US \$15,000, while are representative for Census Bureau divisions only	7
significant differences between the online panel and either of the face-to-face reference surveys on most of the demographic and attitudinal variables	1
the LISS panel is not representative of the Dutch population for demographics, voting behavior, and Internet access; the LISS panel is quite close to a traditional face-to-face survey, except for the coverage of the elderly and non-Internet population	1
the representativeness of the online panel's participants for age and education is not quite equivalent to that of the FNES or the phone survey	1
na	90

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 28

Neveljavni odgovori: 90

ID: **CS_REPRR** Oznaka: **Representativeness of the sample and coverage error (recode)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Representativeness of the sample and coverage error (recode)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
1	for age, and gender	1
2	for age, and education	1
3	for socio-demographics	8
4	for socio-demographics, and residential characteristics	3
5	for socio-demographics, and occupation	3
6	for socio-demographics, and health status	1
7	for socio-demographics, and attitudinal variables	1
8	for socio-demographics, and personality traits	1
9	for other combinations of variables	9
99	not applicable	90

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 28

Neveljavni odgovori: 90

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 1 do 9

ID: **CS_REPRN** Oznaka: **Representativeness of the sample and coverage error (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Representativeness of the sample and coverage error (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	22
1	yes	6
99	not applicable	90

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 28

Neveljavni odgovori: 90

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PRQ_QDE** Oznaka: **Panel research questions - questionnaire design**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel research questions - questionnaire design

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
	comparison of question layout choices (table, scale orientation, and radio buttons/wide buttons) in 3 experimental conditions (computer, hybrid, and mobile)	1
	design effect (one-item-per-screen approach); questions about the use and attitude towards insurances compared between 2 groups of panel waves of the Insurance Study (4 with old design and 4 with new design)	1
	evaluation of the questionnaire between mobile and desktop completion	1
	experiment on question order effect (open-ended question before or after societal issues)	1
	experiment with 3 interactive features (motivational statement with initial question, follow-up probe, and follow-up probe with motivational statement) tested on 4 questions (one is the control version)	1
	experiment with 4 preselection (emphasis on the answer category or the item) and postselection (shaded table cell or row) visual feedbacks	1
	experiment with two different question wordings (3 denomination+traditional denomination options vs. only one denomination+traditional denomination options)	1
	experimental design with 2 survey modes (mobile app, and PC web), 2 questionnaire version (A, and B), and 4 question format experiments (low/high-frequency scale, closed- ended/half- open "Other" category, small/large text box, and alphabetized/rando	1

items per screen (paging versus scrolling groups), layout (vertical versus horizontal), number of answer options (5, 7, and 11 points), open-ended versus closed-ended (figure on 1 to 10 scale), avoiding open-ended "Other" option ("Other" versus "Othe	1
opinions about different features of the questionnaire (orientation, color, design, and usability), and factors which are important for panelists when taking part in an online survey; questions about the evaluation of the questionnaire compared betwe	1
order of responses (standard, and reverse)	1
survey 1 (visual feedback): 5 versions of the grid (baseline, dynamic columns, dynamic rows, split grids 1, and split grids 2)	2
survey 2 (visual complexity, and number of grids): 7 versions of the grid (one grid, low clutter; two grids, low clutter; three grids, low clutter; one grid, high clutter; two grids, high clutter; three grids, high clutter; baseline)	2
na	103

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 15

Neveljavni odgovori: 103

ID: **PRQ_QDEN** Oznaka: **Panel research questions - questionnaire design (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel research questions - questionnaire design (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	103
1	yes	15

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PRQ_RR** Oznaka: **Panel research questions - measures to increase response rate and indicators of nonresponse**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel research questions - measures to increase response rate and indicators of nonresponse

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
ANES Panel Study: initial panel recruitment refusals, natural log of the number of call attempts, dichotomized callback variable at the median to indicate a busy or hard-to-reach respondent, and a measure of reluctance (that combines refusal conversi		1

GfK/KN study 1 - phone mode: number of call attempts, natural log of the number of call attempts, and multiple calls; GfK/KN study 1 - web mode: reminder e-mail, natural log of the number of days after the field date it took to for the respondent to	1
GfK/KN study 2: reminder e-mail, natural log of the number of days after the field date it took to for the respondent to complete the survey, and mean proportion of previously completed surveys (only respondents who were invited to participate in at	1
breakoff rates	2
completion rate	1
different types of incentives (5 experiments + control group): a cash prize lottery, 2 monetary donations, and 2 text appeals (altruistic and egotistic) + no incentive	1
e-mail invitation with or without the attribute "survey topic"	1
experimental design with 2 survey modes (PC web, and mobile web) and 2 lengths of the questionnaire (short, and long); number of completed questionnaires*start rate*completion rate*break off rate	1
experimental design with 3 survey modes (computer, hybrid, and mobile): response rate	1
experimental design: recruitment/response (=initial panel recruitment rate) and survey participation*survey mode (iPhone vs. PC)	1
imputation as a way to estimate nonresponse bias: differences between measured opinions and imputed opinions (38 items)	1
invitation modes (text message and e-mail)*response rate; invitation mode*response speed (in the first 24 hours)	1
item-nonresponse, and item-nonresponse to an open question	1
lotteries (2 studies) to analyse the effect on participation (=response at the study's first page) and completion rates	2
lotteries (3 experiments) and offering study results as a way to increase participation (but no effect on completion); participation (=whether a person calls up the study's first page) rate and completion rate	1
lotteries (5 experiments); start rate and completion rate	1
offering a survey that is suitable for smartphones to increase younger panel members' participation, effects of design on breakoffs, nonresponse	1
response rate	1
response rates (initial response rate to a specific question, and response rate after a follow-up probe for a specific question)	1
sensitive indices*gender*age*nonresponse (prediction) in wave 2, among those who completed the survey via PC in the first wave (logistic regression)	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 24 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 25

Neveljavni odgovori: 93

ID: **PRQ_RR_N** Oznaka: **Panel research questions - measures to increase response rate and indicators of nonresponse (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel research questions - measures to increase response rate and indicators of nonresponse (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	93
1	yes	25

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1

ID: **PRQ_ME** Oznaka: **Panel research questions - measurement error**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel research questions - measurement error

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
ANES Panel Study: satisficing (selecting the first reasonable response in the 47 response order manipulations); ANES Panel Study: respondent reluctance*satisficing		1
GLES data: satisficing (no answer, "don't know", middle category, and straight-lining)*response time on the respective survey page		1
GfK/KN study 1: satisficing (don't know/no opinion; midpoint selection; nondifferentiation; mental coin flipping=expectation that difficult-to-obtain respondents are more likely to choose response options randomly, that can be tested by examining the		1
GfK/KN study 2: satisficing (don't know/no opinion; midpoint selection; nondifferentiation; mental coin flipping=expectation that difficult-to-obtain respondents are more likely to choose response options randomly, that can be tested by examining the		1
experimental conditions (items per screen, layout, number of answer options, open-ended versus closed-ended, and avoiding open-ended "Other" option)*item nonresponse*selecting first option*selecting last option*median completion time*mean ease of com		1
experimental design: survey access*survey length*latency period between survey invitation and first survey access; (the same first two variables)*participation time in minutes;(the same first two variables)*detail and consistency of responses to bran		1
experimental design: total completion time, number of questions asked, item missing rates, number of characters entered for open-ended items, and slider bar questions response*survey mode (iPhone vs. PC)		1
impact of lotteries and offering study results on item nonresponse		1

impact of lotteries and offering study results on nondifferentiation (=straightlining) and item nonresponse	2
impact of lotteries on straightlining, item nonresponse, "no comment" option, and length of open-ended answers	1
item nonresponse*completed open question*mean length of open answers*straightlining*primacy effect*mean number of answers in check-all-that-apply*mean duration of questionnaire*mean evaluation*experimental condition (PC, tablet, and smartphone) (ANOV	1
item nonresponse, and number of words of open-ended questions	1
item nonresponse, changes in answers, and nondifferentiation	1
item nonresponse, open questions, straightlining, timing questions, total time used for the questionnaire	1
item nonresponse, open-ended questions (two numeric and one comment questions), and nonsubstantive responses ("don't know responses")	1
length of answers to an open question, straightlining, choice of left-aligned answer options in horizontal scales, and survey duration	1
measurement invariance (configural, metric, and scalar invariances)	1
open-ended question (=final comment) categorized (9 categories) and compared between the two panel samples	2
order of responses (standard, and reverse)*survey mode*PC web X standard order*6 radio buttons and check boxes (frequency of mobile web usage on average, experience in using mobile web, frequency of mobile web usage yesterday, time spent in mobile web	1
response latency, straightlining, response bias (comparing response distribution under the 2 topic interest conditions and the 3 salience conditions), and item nonresponse	1

Prikazanih je 20 od 27 kategorij. Za vse podatke si pogledjte opis raziskave na spletni strani.

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 30

Neveljavni odgovori: 88

ID: **PRQ_ME_N** Oznaka: **Panel research questions - measurement error (dummy)**

Dobesedno vprašanje: Panel research questions - measurement error (dummy)

Vrednosti	Kategorije	Frekvenca
0	no	88
1	yes	30

Opisne statistike

Veljavni odgovori: 118

Neveljavni odgovori: 0

Vrednosti spremenljivk: od 0 do 1
